



22 March 2006

GENERAL REASONS FOR THE DECISIONS ON THE ALLOCATION OF RIGHTS AND QUANTUM IN THE HAKE LONGLINE FISHERY

1. Introduction

After the allocation of medium-term rights in 2001/2002 and the finalisation of the appeals processes in 2002/2003 the Department of Environmental Affairs and Tourism: Branch Marine and Coastal Management ("*the Department*") commenced with preparations for the allocation of long-term commercial fishing rights.

In January 2004, the Minister of Environmental Affairs and Tourism ("*the Minister*") announced the commencement of the planning phase. The Minister called on the fishing industry and all other interested and affected parties to submit comment to the Department. A comment box was opened at the Department in which comments could be placed. In order to facilitate communication with the public and fishing communities, the Department developed a dedicated fisheries website (www.mcm-deat.gov.za); it established a customer services centre (0861 123 626) at its Cape Town head office and it further resourced each of the 29 fishery control offices along the coast.

In 2004, the Department also procured the services of project management specialists, specialist legal advisers, IT specialists, and a forensic auditing consortium to advise it on the long-term commercial fishing rights process. A Rights Allocation Unit was established in 2005 to co-ordinate and manage the long-term rights allocation process.

Earlier, during the latter half of 2003, rights were allocated to abalone divers for a period of ten years. In December 2004, another set of "*long-term*" commercial fishing rights were allocated in the large pelagic (tunas and swordfish) fishing industry. Long-term fishing rights for the remaining 20 commercial sectors were scheduled for the last quarter of 2005. The Hake Longline sector is one of these sectors.

This document is entitled the "*General Reasons for the Decisions on the Allocation of Rights and Quantum in the Hake Longline fishery*" and will be referred to as the "*GPR*". The GPR sets out the criteria and weightings, the process and methodology and the policy reasons for the decisions on the allocation of rights and quantum in a fishery. Applicants are therefore advised to carefully study the GPR before considering the assessment of their applications and the specific reasons for decisions taken.

Every applicant in this sector will receive the following documentation:

- A notification letter, informing the applicant of the delegated authority's decisions, together with the reason for the decisions;
- A copy of the GPR;
- Copies of the Score Sheet and Assessment Sheet used to evaluate the applicant's application;
- A copy of the decision-making lists of the delegated authority; and
- An appeal form, which must be submitted together with the appeal (if the applicant chooses to appeal against the decisions on the allocation of a right or the quantum allocated).

The specific reason contained in the notification letter to unsuccessful applicants, together with the GPR, the score sheet and the assessment sheet, constitute the reasons for a decision to refuse an application or grant an application for a right to a specific applicant.

2. Policy and Application Form Development for long term rights allocation

A detailed report entitled "*Public Participation in the Development of Policy and Application Forms for the Allocation of Long-term Commercial Fishing Rights*" will be made available on the Department's website (www.mcm-deat.gov.za).

A Committee was established to co-ordinate and manage the drafting of a general fisheries policy and sector specific fishing policies. Draft policies were finalised after the Minister held a series of Ministerial *Izimbizo* with coastal communities along the west, south east and east coasts between June and November 2004 and after all registered industrial bodies and interest groups were consulted on sector management issues. On 1 March 2005, the Minister issued for public comment 19 draft fishery specific policies and a draft general policy on the allocation and management of long-term fishing rights.

A key feature of the draft policies was to divide the different commercial fisheries into four clusters. The clusters were determined having regard to the level of formal organisation within the various fisheries, the capital required for participation and the make-up of the participants in a fishery. A different allocation process (method of consultation, registration, distribution, receipting, communication and evaluation) was proposed for each cluster. The Hake Longline fishery was included in "*Cluster B*", along with west coast rock lobster, squid and tuna pole.

For purposes of public consultation, the notice and comment process set out in the Promotion of Administrative Justice Act 3 of 2000 and its regulations were adopted. The draft policies were published in isiXhosa, Afrikaans, isiZulu and English in the Government Gazette and on the Department's website and copies were distributed along the coastline.

During March 2005, the Department consulted with fishing communities along the coast. A total of 53 villages, towns and cities were visited and more than 6000 fishers were consulted. In April 2005, further consultations with communities took place in 16 venues along the coast about the draft traditional line fish policy. At each consultation, every comment was recorded and documented by the Rights Verification Unit (“RVU”), an independent team of auditors. At the end of the consultation process, more than 9000 fishers between Port Nolloth and Durban had been heard orally. Apart from the thousands of oral comments which were recorded, the Department also received more than 900 written comments on the policies. Significant changes were made to the policies after the comments were considered.

In May 2005, Cabinet approved the 19 “*sector specific policies*” and the “*General policy*”. In July 2005, Cabinet also approved the traditional line fish sector policy.

Stakeholders and affected parties were also given the opportunity to comment on the application forms before they were adopted. An abbreviated notice and comment process was followed in Cluster B. Draft application forms for each fishery were published on the website and comments were invited. Numerous changes were made to the application forms after the comments were considered.

3. Appointing the Delegated Authority

In July 2005, and acting in terms of section 79 of the Marine Living Resources Act 18 of 1998 (“the MLRA”), the Minister appointed Dr Monde Mayekiso, the Deputy Director General and head of the Department, as the delegated authority responsible for the allocation of long term fishing rights in the Hake Longline fishery.

4. Registration, Distribution and Receipting of Applications

A detailed report entitled “*Registration, Distribution and Receipting in the Long-Term Rights Allocation Process*” will be made available on the Department’s website (www.mcm-deat.gov.za).

The final deadline for registration for Cluster B sectors was set at 17h00 on Friday 25 July 2005 and for lodgement on either 5 September 2005 (between 08h00 and 19h00) or 6 September 2005 (between 08h00 and 17h00) at the Good Hope Centre in Cape Town. A total of 2179 applicants registered for Cluster B long-term commercial fishing rights. Of these, 1885 lodged their applications timeously.

The RVU receipted a total of 583 applications for longterm commercial fishing rights in the Hake Longline sector on behalf of the Department. Of these, 144 claimed to be medium term right holder applicants and 439 stated that they were new entrant applicants.

5. An interactive Application Process

In the Cluster B sectors, applicants were able to communicate with the delegated authorities in the period between registration and closing day by e-mailing questions to a designated address. Queries and Responses (“Q & Rs”) were provided weekly by notices on the Department’s website (www.mcm-deat.gov.za) and by e-mail to each registered applicant. A report entitled “*The Interactive Application Process for the Allocation of Long-Term Rights Allocation Process*” will be made available on the Department’s website (www.mcm-deat.gov.za). All the Queries and Responses dealt with in Cluster B will be published as part of this report.

The delegated authority further communicated in Cluster B through website notices and updates and by way of “*FishRights*” – a fortnightly E-Newsletter that is placed on the Department’s website every second Monday. This newsletter is also e-mailed to over 400 fishing companies, journalists and circulated through interest groups and industrial bodies recognised by the Minister in terms of section 8 of the MLRA.

6. Decision making process

The delegated authority was assisted by an Advisory Committee; legal advisors; the RVU and auditors; IT specialists; communication consultants; and administrative and project management specialists.

A report entitled “*The Decision-making Processes for the Allocation of Long-Term Rights*” will be made available on the Department’s website (www.mcm-deat.gov.za). In short, the process of allocating commercial fishing rights in the Hake Longline sector involved the following steps:

☞ Database Development: After the applications were receipted by the RVU, the delegated authority instructed the IT advisers to design a database to facilitate the analysis of applicant data across a range of fields, including, transformation, investment, job creation, compliance, and issues such as safety and catch data. The main purpose of the database was to assist with the development of detailed criteria and weightings and for identifying internal inconsistencies and deviations that required special verification and consideration.

☞ Criteria and weightings design: After the database for the fishery had been constructed, the delegated authority, with the assistance of the Rights Allocation Unit, designed detailed criteria and weightings. These criteria are listed below.

☞ Constitution of the Advisory Committees: The delegated authority constituted an advisory committee, which was chaired by a member of the Rights Allocation Unit. The advisory committee for the Hake Longline fishery consisted of –

- ☞ Mr Horst Kleinschmidt (Chair)
- ☞ Mr Cheslyn Liebenberg
- ☞ Mr Almo Lubowski
- ☞ Ms Micha-Rose Emmett

☞ The role of the Advisory Committee in the Hake Longline fishery was to determine whether the applications were properly lodged, not materially defective and met the essential requirements of the fishery, to assess the information provided in each application, to comment, and in certain respects, to score the application in terms of the balancing criteria and weightings determined by the delegated authority.

☞ Instructing the Advisory Committees: the advisory committee was briefed and instructed by the delegated authority, members of the Rights Allocation Unit and legal advisors on, *inter alia*, the following:

- The applicable statutory provisions and case law;
- The general policy and the sector specific policy adopted by the Minister and Cabinet for the Hake Longline fishery;
- The current biological, economic and transformation profiles of the fishery;
- The detailed criteria and weightings to be applied; and
- The purpose of each question asked in the application form applicable to the Hake Longline fishery.

☞ Guiding the Advisory Committees: Over the duration of the verification and scoring process, the delegated authority met with the chairperson and the members of the advisory committee to consider the approach to the assessment of information and the scoring of the applications.

☞ Decision-making: After all applications were evaluated, the chairperson of the advisory committee presented the results to the delegated authority. The delegated authority then considered the results, assessment forms and score sheets, having regard to the applications, if necessary. If there was any uncertainty regarding the score or the assessment, the delegated authority discussed the matter with the relevant members of the advisory committee and satisfied himself that the assessment or score was correct. The delegated authority also considered whether the selected criteria and weightings achieved the objectives set for the allocation of rights and adjusted the criteria and weightings in order to better achieve the objectives.

7. Sector Profile Prior to Long Term Rights Allocations

When compared to the South African hake trawl fishery, the hake longline fishery is relatively new. Longlining started in 1982. Between 1985 and 1990 much of the long line activity was re-directed from hake to kingklip as the latter was significantly more valuable. Due to concerns about the status of hake stocks, longlining for hake was terminated in 1990. Hake longlining was reintroduced as an experimental fishery in 1994. Commercial fishing rights under the MLRA were issued in 1999 and 2000, but these allocations were set aside by the courts. Stability was achieved in 2001 with the allocation of four-year commercial hake longline fishing rights.

The hake longline fishery generates some 3 600 permanent jobs and a further 3 200 part-time jobs. Historically disadvantaged persons occupy more than 90 percent of these jobs. The average annual income for crew is R38 500.

The hake longline fishery is not a highly capital intensive fishery. The longline industry lands predominantly prime quality hake for export to Europe and the value of prime quality hake is approximately 50 percent higher than trawled hake. The total value of fish landed in the hake longline fishery is estimated to be worth approximately R280 million per annum. The market value of vessels operating in the fishery is estimated to be about R750 million.

The Department manages the hake longline fishery as part of a “*hake*” collective. In terms of the MLRA, a “*global*” total allowable catch (“TAC”) for hake is set annually by the Minister. The hake longline and handline fisheries share 10 percent of the global TAC. The hake deep sea trawl fishery is allocated 83 percent of the TAC and the balance is allocated to the hake inshore trawl fishery. Until 2004, 1 000 tons was set aside for foreign fishing. This allocation will be discontinued.

Hake longline fishing takes place along the west and south east coasts. The fishery operates out of harbours from Port Nolloth to Port Elizabeth. The fishery operates in offshore and inshore waters. Inshore hake longlining is restricted to the use of no more than 4 000 hooks per line. Offshore longlining may only take place in depths greater than 110 metres and is restricted to the use of no more than 20 000 hooks per line. Vessels and operating costs differ between inshore and offshore operations.

Hake stocks are currently managed according to a conservative strategy. The TAC for hake has been reduced each year since 2003 and further reductions may be necessary.

8. Hake Longline Medium term rights

The hake longline fishery was identified in 2001 as a fishery that was ideally suited for the empowerment of small and medium enterprises and historically disadvantaged fishers. In 2001 and 2002, the Department allocated 141 commercial hake longline rights for a four year period. After the medium term rights allocation

process, 89 percent of right-holders in this fishery were black-owned. Furthermore, historically disadvantaged persons controlled 90 percent of the TAC and 80 percent of right-holders were small- and medium-sized enterprises.

9. Applicants for Long Term Rights

During the registration and distribution process a total of 583 applications were received for long term commercial rights in the Hake Longline fishery. As stated above, of these 144 were from medium term right holders and 439 were new entrant applicants.

9.1 Application Form Database

The data supplied by the applicants was loaded on to an IT application that made it possible to view summations of data and to sift and rank data. The data will be published as part of the report entitled "*The Decision-making Processes for the Allocation of Long-Term Rights*".

The database provided the delegated authority and the Advisory Committee with the means to look at each applicant individually whilst also being able to have a "global" view of the entire sector instantaneously. This provided a huge gain on the 2001 allocation where spreadsheet capturing of data and institutional memories had to be relied on far more.

The statistics provided a wider backdrop to sectoral fisheries than was extracted for purposes of analyses and ranking. This provided the delegated authority with the means to have a comprehensive insight into each fishery and thus the ability to make decisions on the basis of a context and relevant backdrop.

The statistics have provided data on each fishing sector that has never before been recorded and collated at such a detailed and comprehensive level. A detailed profile of each fisheries sector and indeed a profile of the entire commercial fishing industry can be written up for the first time ever. The data is presumed to be highly accurate as the applicants who supplied it would not want to risk or jeopardize their application by supplying inflated or misleading information. The data provides a tool for the management of fisheries beyond the round of current allocations.

9.2 Profile of MTHR applicants

A summary of some of the information submitted by the MTRH applicants in their application forms is set out directly below. It should be kept in mind that the information provided by applicants was assessed and in some instances claims made were rejected or corrected.

(a) Investment

Table 1: Investment in the Hake Longline Sector

Land-based (book value)	R20,550,118.00
Harbour and Sea-based (book value)	R89,210,109.11
Total assets (insured value)	R182,100,547.22
Land-based assets (insured value)	R28,471,105.81
Sea-based assets (insured value)	R151,551,754.10
The mean harbour and sea-based insured value (per ton) of all applicants	R33,610.59
The mean land-based assets insured value (per ton allocated) of all applicants	R16,914.53

A total of 94 applicants claimed that they invested in on-board or land-based processing.

(b) Job creation

Table 2: Jobs in the Hake Longline Sector

Total salaries and dividends paid over the last year	R79,790,365.82
Total jobs (including seasonal)	1,495.51
Median of jobs per ton allocated	0.27
Mean monthly Salary bill per ton allocated	R6,581.55

(c) Financial information

The mean annual turnover of the MTRH applicants was R 10,189,747.11, and the average rand value of turnover per ton allocated was R 19,172.70.

Hake Longline MTRH applicants made R 387,965,479.28 profit after tax, taking into account all the fishing sectors in which they participated. The Hake Longline MTRH applicants paid a total of R 217,658,770.00 in dividends in 2004 in all sectors. The combined asset value of the applicants across all sectors is R 4,135,678,733.42.

(d) Transformation

Out of the 144 applicants, 107 claimed that they fully achieved the goals set in the transformation plans submitted to the Department in 2001, whereas 26 claimed that they only partially met the goals, and 4 claimed that they did not meet the goals at all.

Ownership

Black ownership of 35 applicants increased, 23 decreased and 86 remained the same. Only 36 applicants have employee share schemes, and on average these employees (other than top salary earners) own 27.26% of those 36 applicants.

Table 3: Black Shareholding

Black Shareholding	77.90%
Black Voting rights	79.46%
Black Dividend entitlement	78.82%

R 26,435,743.73 was paid in dividends to black shareholders over the last year.

Table 4: Female Shareholding

Female Shareholding	29.47%
Female Voting Rights	29.51%
Female Dividend Entitlement	29.36%

Employment Equity / Management

Table 5: Top Salary Earners

Ratio of Black to White Top Salary Earners	303 Black, 186 White: Ratio 1.629:1
Ratio of Male to Female Top Salary Earners	439 Men, 59 Women: Ratio 7.441:1

The average top 5 salary earner received R 163,423.52 per annum, with R 1,503,027.00 at the top. The average of the five lowest salaries was R 19,655.69 per annum.

Table 6: Income levels (Percentage of workforce (Levels 1 to 10))

1	Less than R2 500 per month	45.98%
2	Between R2 500 and R 5 500	38.66%
3	Between R5 501 and R10 500	17.34%
4	Between R10 501 and R16 000	7.86%
5	Between R16 001 and R20 000	8.45%
6	Between R20 001 and R25 000	7.19%
7	Between R25 001 and R30 000	2.92%
8	Between R30 001 and R40 000	8.64%
9	Between R40 001 and R60 000	6.61%
10	More than R60 000	9.18%

The Hake Longline MTRH applicants claimed that 53.24% of the employees in levels 5 – 10 are black.

Skills Development

Of the 144 Hake Longline MTRH applicants, 38 submitted approved workplace skills plans and 33 submitted approved annual training reports. The applicants paid R 7,479,895.67 to SARS in skills development levies. The mean percentage of training budget spent on black employees was 47.83 %, amounting to a total of R 406,945.93. On average 17.62% of employees received learnerships.

CSI

Of the 144 Hake Longline MTRH applicants, 35 made tax deductible donations and 74 made other forms of donations.

Affirmative Procurement

The top ten suppliers of the applicants were, on average, 33.07% black and the applicants procured, on average, 59.37% of total expenditure from their top ten suppliers.

9.3 Profile of the NE applicants

A summary of some of the information submitted by NE applicants in their application forms is set out directly below. It should be kept in mind that the information provided by applicants was assessed and in some instances claims were rejected or corrected.

(a) Investment

The book value of total assets amounted to R 155,615,027.53 and the insured value to R 206,555,090.00 (for all fishing sectors). A total of 132 out of the 439 NE applicants claimed that they invested in on-board or land-based processing.

(b) Job creation

The NE applicants claimed, on average, of 16.60 employees at date of application in fishing sectors other than Hake Longline. They paid R 41,455,496.91 in salaries and dividends over the last year.

(c) Financial information

The mean annual turnover of the NE applicants was R 1,987,303.27. Profit after tax for all the applicants together (in all sectors) amounted to R 19,492,671.94. The NE applicants paid a total of R 31,067,943.10 in dividends in 2004. The combined asset value of all the applicants (in all sectors) was R 275,900,186.04 in 2004.

(d) Transformation

Ownership

Table 13: Black Shareholding

Black Shareholding	82.05%
Black Voting rights	82.04%
Black Dividend entitlement	81.28%

Calculated on net asset value, the black shareholding in the NE applicants was worth R 136,761,268.72. NE applicants claim to have paid R 13,132,756.29 in dividends to black shareholders in the last year.

Table 14: Female Shareholding

Female Shareholding	44.05%
Female Voting Rights	44.34%
Female Dividend Entitlement	46.26%

Calculated on net asset value, the female shareholding in the applicants is worth R 45,857,684.27.

A total of 24 NE applicants claimed employee ownership, and on average claimed 19.45% ownership of those employees.

Employment Equity / Management

Table 15: Top Salary Earners

Ratio of Black to White Top Salary Earners	570 Black, 228 White: Ratio 2.5:1
Ratio of Male to Female Top Salary Earners	571Men, 227 Women: Ratio 2.515:1

The average top 5 salary earner's salary was R 63,942.50 with R 531,101.00 at the top. The average of the five lowest salaries was R 15,702.44 per month.

Table 16: Income levels (Percentage of workforce (Levels 1 to 10))

1	Less than R2 500	72.21%
2	Between R2 500 and R 5 500	33.35%
3	Between R5 501 and R10 500	19.91%
4	Between R10 501 and R16 000	19.39%
5	Between R16 001 and R20 000	11.77%
6	Between R20 001 and R25 000	10.80%
7	Between R25 001 and R30 000	4.01%
8	Between R30 001 and R40 000	11.95%
9	Between R40 001 and R60 000	9.29%
10	More than R60 000	13.38%

Skills Development

Of the 439 NE applicants, 40 submitted approved workplace skills plans and 32 submitted approved annual training reports. The applicants paid R 739,442.40 to SARS in skills development levies. The mean percentage of salary bill spent on training was 42.21 %. R 493,326.43 was spent on training black employees.

CSI

Of the 439 NE applicants, 25 made tax deductible donations and 56 made other forms of donations.

Affirmative Procurement

The top ten suppliers of the applicants were, on average, 36.43% black.

10. Criteria

10.1 Exclusionary Criteria

All the applications were initially scrutinised to determine whether they were properly lodged, whether they were not materially defective and whether they fulfilled the essential requirements of the sector, including whether they presented a paper quota risk.

An application was **improperly lodged** if:

- ☞ the application was not lodged at the prescribed place within the prescribed time;
- ☞ the correct application fee was not paid within the required timeframes; or
- ☞ the application was not lodged on the official prescribed application form.

An application was **materially defective** if:

- ☞ the declaration was not signed and attested to by the authorised representative of the applicant, and if applicable, the authorised representative of the Holding Company, the Sister Company or the JV Partner(s);
- ☞ more than one application was received from the same applicant in the same sector;
- ☞ the applicant provided false information or false documents or the applicant failed to disclose material information, or
- ☞ the applicant attempted to influence the Minister or the delegated authority in a manner not provided for in the General policy during the application period.

An applicant failed to meet the **essential requirements** of the sector if:

- ☞ the applicant posed a paper quota risk as defined in the General policy;
- ☞ the applicant was a new entrant applicant and a medium-term right holder held shares in the applicant or used the applicant in order to proliferate in the sector in a manner contrary to the General Policy;
- ☞ the applicant is not a close corporation or company;
- ☞ the applicant breached a provision of the MLRA resulting in sanctions provided for paragraph 7.1(b) of the Hake Longline sector policy;
- ☞ the applicant is not more than 50% South African owned;
- ☞ the applicant on average over or under caught by more than 30% during the medium term period; or
- ☞ the applicant has not demonstrated access to at least one suitable vessel. A suitable vessel for this fishery is a vessel that –
 - has a maximum SAMSAs registered length of approximately 30 metres;
 - has a functioning vessel monitoring system;
 - has an approved streamer line (tori line) which must be flown during the setting of each longline. The streamer must be deployed directly above the main line, provided that where two streamers are used, each streamer must be deployed on either side of the main line; and

- is modified in a way that ensures offal is dumped on the opposite side from where lines are hauled. Vessels that are not modified may not be issued with their vessel licences in terms of the MLRA until such time as the modifications have been completed.

10.2 Comparative Balancing Criteria: Medium Term Right Holder Applicants

Criteria	Breakdown	Weighting	Section Weighting	Major Section Weighting	Section Percentage
					50%
Catch Utilisation			-3		
Over or under caught by more than 10%		-3			
Investment			15		15%
Insured value of harbour and sea based assets per ton allocated	>90th	10			
	80th-90th	9			
	70th-80th	8			
	60th-70th	7			
	50th-60th	6			
	40th-50th	5			
	30th-40th	4			
	20th-30th	3			
	10th-20th	2			
	1st-10th	1			
Insured value of land based assets per ton allocated	>90th	5			
	80th-90th	4.5			
	70th-80th	4			
	60th-70th	3.5			
	50th-60th	3			
	40th-50th	2.5			
	30th-40th	2			
	20th-30th	1.5			
	10th-20th	1			
	1st-10th	0.5			
Local Economic Development			1		1.0%
Will land and process at harbours other than the Cape Town and Port Elizabeth harbours		1			
Reliance on the Resource¹			15		15.0%
Relies on the Hake Longline resource for more than 75% of its gross annual income		15			
Relies on the Hake Longline resource for between 50% and 75% of its gross annual income		11.25			
Relies on the Hake Longline resource for between 25% and 50% of its gross annual income		3.75			
Jobs				16	16%
Total (including seasonal) employees per ton allocated	>90th	5	5		5%
	80th-90th	4.5			
	70th-80th	4			

¹ After considering the comments received on the quantum allocation mechanism, the delegated authority changed this criterion and weighting and introduced three possibilities to score points (above 25%, 50% and 75% reliant) instead of one (above 50%).

Criteria	Breakdown	Weighting	Section Weighting	Major Section Weighting	Section Percentage
	60th-70th	3.5			
	50th-60th	3			
	40th-50th	2.5			
	30th-40th	2			
	20th-30th	1.5			
	10th-20th	1			
	1st-10th	0.5			
Total (less seasonal) employees per ton allocated	>90th	5	5		5%
	80th-90th	4.5			
	70th-80th	4			
	60th-70th	3.5			
	50th-60th	3			
	40th-50th	2.5			
	30th-40th	2			
	20th-30th	1.5			
	10th-20th	1			
	1st-10th	0.5			
Total salaries and wages per ton allocated	>90th	5	5		5%
	80th-90th	4.5			
	70th-80th	4			
	60th-70th	3.5			
	50th-60th	3			
	40th-50th	2.5			
	30th-40th	2			
	20th-30th	1.5			
	10th-20th	1			
	1st-10th	0.5			
Medical Aid and Pension		0.5	1		1.0%
Other Benefits		0.5			
Safety			3		3%
A qualified safety officer has been appointed for each nominated vessel in terms of section 36 of the Maritime Occupational Safety Regulations		0.5			
Every crew member on board each nominated vessel has completed the approved safety induction training required by the Merchant Shipping Act, 57 of 1951		0.5			
Completed a formal safety assessment in terms of Marine Notice no 26 of 2004		0.5			
Registered with the Commissioner in terms of the Compensation for Occupational Injuries and Diseases Act 130 of 1993		0.5			
Has an HIV/AIDS policy		0.5			
Convicted or forfeited a deposit for contravening any part of the Marine Pollution (Prevention of Pollution from Ships) Act 2 of 1986 or Section 30 of the Marine Pollution (Control and Civil Liability) Act 6 of 1981		-0.5			
Has a Garbage Management Plan		0.5			
Transformation				50	50%
Transformation - Directors			3		3%

Criteria	Breakdown	Weighting	Section Weighting	Major Section Weighting	Section Percentage
Black directors (or members if CC) as a percentage of total directors is more than the sector mean		1.5			
Female directors (or members if CC) as a percentage of total directors is more than the sector mean		1.5			
Transformation - Top Salary Earners			8		8%
Black top salary earners as a percentage of total top salary earners is more than the 75th percentile		6			
Black top salary earners as a percentage of total top salary earners is between the 50th and the 75th percentiles		4			
Female top salary earners as a percentage of total top salary earners is more than the 75th percentile		2			
Female top salary earners as a percentage of total top salary earners is between the 50th and the 75th percentile		1			
Transformation - Income Levels²			8		8%
EE Profile in terms of the income level table	0th - 25th	8			
	25 - 50th	6			
	50th - 75th	4			
	75th - 90th	2			
Transformation – Occupational Categories³			1.5		1.5%
Applicant's EE ACI performance is:	>75th	1			
	50th - 75th	0.5			
	25th - 50th	0.25			
Applicant's EE Female performance is:	>75th	0.5			
	50th - 75th	0.25			
	25th - 50th	0.15			
Transformation - Ownership				23	23%
Applicant's black ownership is: ⁴	>90%	18	18		18%
	80% - 90%	16.2			
	70% - 80%	14.4			
	60% - 70%	12.6			
	50% - 60%	10.8			
	40% - 50%	9			
	30% - 40%	7.2			
	20% - 30%	5.4			
	10% - 20%	3.6			

² The Employment Equity ("EE") profile in terms of income levels was determined as follows. As a first step the percentage blacks in the workforce at each completed income level (blacks divided by total workers at a level multiplied by 100) was calculated. This percentage was then subtracted from 89.4% (the current % blacks in the Economically Active Populations in the coastal provinces) for each level. The result was multiplied by an assumed mean salary at each level divided by 1000 (in other words, 1.25, 4, 8, 13.5, 18, 22.5, 27.5, 35, 50 and a figure of 60 was used for level 10). This result was multiplied by the percentage the level constitutes of the total workforce. The results of all the completed levels were added up and divided by the number of levels completed by the applicant. The results were then converted and expressed into percentiles for comparison. The applicant with the highest negative figure achieved the best score and the applicant with the highest positive figure received the lowest score.

³ This criterion was assessed as follows: black and female representation was measured with the emphasis on occupational categories where black and female representation has traditionally been low. This was done by assigning a different number of penalty points to the different levels of occupational categories. There were four (4) levels and the following penalty points were assigned: top management – 6, professionals – 4, Skilled - 2, Semi-skilled – 1. The score was calculated by taking the % figure for each occupational category and comparing it to the EAP in the coastal provinces, consisting of 48.5% females and 89.4% blacks. If the applicant had a higher figure, it would automatically score a 1. If the figure was less, the following calculation was used: $1 - (\text{applicant's \%} / \text{EAP})$. The result was then multiplied by the penalty points. This gave a penalty for that occupational category. A score for each category was calculated and the four numbers added together and the total divided by the number of levels, in this case four. This was done separately for black and for female, yielding two scores.

⁴ The high number of MTRH applicants with black shareholding above the EAP (89.4%) meant that sensible comparisons in terms of percentiles could not be made.

Criteria	Breakdown	Weighting	Section Weighting	Major Section Weighting	Section Percentage
	1% - 10%	1.8			
Applicant's black ownership has increased between 2001 and 2005 by: ⁵	>75th	2	2		
	50th - 75th	1			
Applicant's female ownership falls:	>75th	3	3		3.0%
	50th - 75th	2			
	25th - 50th	1			
	10th - 25th	0.5			
Applicant's employee ownership falls:	>75th	2	2		2.0%
	50th - 75th	1			
	25th - 50th	0.5			
Skills Development			3.5		3.5%
Submitted an approved Workplace Skills Plan in 2004		0.5			
Submitted an approved Annual Training Report in 2004		0.5			
Percentage of training budget spent on black employees in 2004 is more than the mean		0.5			
Number of learnerships is more than the mean		0.5			
Percentage of salaries bill spent on training in 2004 is more than 1%		1			
The applicant employs at least one black skipper		0.5			
Corporate Social Investment			1		1.0%
Applicant's tax deductible donations amount to more than 1% of net profit	>1%	1			
	0.5-1%	0.5			
Affirmative Procurement			0.5		0.5%
Applicant answered "Yes" to Questions 6.21, 6.23 and 6.24		0.5			
Enterprise Development			1		1.0%
Engaged in Enterprise development		1			
EE Compliance			0.5		0.5%
Applicant is a designated employer and has failed to comply with the Employment Equity Act		-3			
Applicant complied with the Employment Equity Act		0.5			
Applicant complied voluntarily with the Employment Equity Act		0.5			
Compliance					
Applicant, or applicant's members, directors or controlling shareholder have entered into a plea bargain in respect of a contravention of the MLRA, its Regulations or permit conditions		-3			
Applicant, or applicant's members, directors or controlling shareholder have paid an admission of guilt fine for contraventions of the MLRA, its Regulations or permit conditions		-1			
Total Possible Score			100		100.0%

⁵ Applicants were not allocated points for this criterion if they achieve the maximum number of points (18) for black ownership, above.

10.3 Comparative Balancing Criteria: New Entrant Applicants

Criteria	Breakdown	Weighting	Section Weighting	Major Section Weighting	Section Percentage
				49	49%
Investment			5		5.0%
Investment in assets, including marketing and processing initiatives ⁶	None	-5			
	Non-trading / newly established Entity	0			
	Acceptable	5			
Financial Performance			20		20.0%
Return on Equity		10			
Profit after tax as a percentage of turnover		5			
Retained earnings as a percentage of turnover		5			
Has the financial ability to enter the sector (for newly established and non-trading entities only) ⁷	Does not have the ability	0			
	Has the ability	20			
Jobs			5		5.0%
Jobs Score ⁸	Has not created jobs	-5			
	Non-trading / newly established	0			
	Has created jobs	5			
Safety			1		1%
Has an HIV/AIDS policy		1			
ESP			2		2.0%
Has undertaken or sponsored research ⁹		2			
Fishing Ability			15		15.0%
Fishing Ability ¹⁰	Demonstrates no ability or does not demonstrate access to a suitable vessel	0			
	Demonstrates acceptable ability	10			
	Demonstrates good ability	15			
Local Economic Development ("LED")			1		1.0%
Will land catch at fishing harbours other than the Cape Town and Port Elizabeth harbours		1			
Transformation				51	51.0%
Transformation - Directors			8		8.0%

⁶ The reason why negative scores were given to right holders (in other sectors) with no investments is to allow them to be compared with non-trading and newly established entities. Non-right holder new entrants that have made investments in the fishing industry were also scored 5 points.

⁷ The reasons for this assessment in respect of individual applicants are set out in the assessment sheets.

⁸ The reason why negative scores were given to right holders (in other sectors) with a poor job creation record is to allow them to be compared with non-trading and newly established entities. Non-right holder new entrants that have created jobs in the fishing industry were also scored 5 points.

⁹ The reasons for this assessment in respect of individual applicants are set out in the assessment sheets.

¹⁰ The reasons for this assessment in respect of individual applicants are set out in the assessment sheets. Regard was had to the applicant's fishing plan, especially the annexure setting out the implementation of the fishing plan and the skills and knowledge of the persons designated to do so; and the suitability of the nominated vessel.

Criteria	Breakdown	Weighting	Section Weighting	Major Section Weighting	Section Percentage
Black directors (or members if CC) as a percentage of total directors is higher than the mean		4			
Female directors (or members if CC) as a percentage of total directors is higher than the sector mean		4			
Transformation - Top Salary Earners			3		3.0%
Black top salary earners as a percentage of total top salary earners ¹¹	<33.3%	-2			
	33.3 - 66.6	0			
	>66.6	2			
Female top salary earners as a percentage of total top salary earners	<33.3%	-1			
	33.3 - 66.6	0			
	>66.6	1			
Transformation – Occupational Categories			1.5		1.5%
ACI Performance Score ¹²	<33.3%	-1			
	33.3 - 66.6	0			
	>66.6	1			
Female Performance Score	<33.3%	-0.5			
	33.3-66.6	0			
	>66.6	0.5			
Transformation - Ownership				34	34.0%
Black ownership falls:	>90th	22	22		22.0%
	80th-90th	20			
	70th-80th	18			
	60th-70th	16			
	50th-60th	14			
	40th-50th	12			
	30th-40th	10			
	20th-30th	8			
	10th-20th	6			
	1st-10th	4			
Female ownership falls:	>90th	10	10		10.0%
	80th-90th	9			
	70th-80th	8			
	60th-70th	7			
	50th-60th	6			
	40th-50th	5			
	30th-40th	4			
	20th-30th	3			
	10th-20th	2			
	1st-10th	1			
Employee ownership	None but has employees	-2			
	No Employees	0			

¹¹ Negative scores were given to right holders (in other sectors) with comparatively low scores in order to compare such new entrant applicants with non-trading and newly established entities without workers. The latter were scored 0. Non right holder new entrant applicants with jobs were scored in the same manner as right holder applicants. Female top salary earners were assessed in the same manner.

¹² The ACI occupational levels were determined as set out above for medium-term right holder applicants. Negative scores were given to right holders (in other sectors) with comparatively low scores in order to compare such new entrant applicants with non-trading and newly established entities without workers. The latter were scored 0. Non right holder new entrant applicants with jobs were scored in the same manner as right holder applicants. Female occupational categories were assessed in the same manner.

Criteria	Breakdown	Weighting	Section Weighting	Major Section Weighting	Section Percentage
	Has Employee Share Scheme	2	2		2.0%
Skills Development			1		1.0%
Skills Development Score ¹³	Poor	-1			
	Non-trading Entity with no employees	0			
	Acceptable	1			
Corporate Social Investment			1		1.0%
Corporate Social Investment ¹⁴	Made profit and no CSI	-1			
	No profit	0			
	Made donations	1			
Affirmative Procurement¹⁵			1		1.0%
Has an AP policy or procures from black suppliers		1			
Enterprise Development			1		1.0%
Enterprise Development Score	Right holder with no Enterprise Development	-1			
	Non-trading/newly established entity	0			
	Right holder with Enterprise Development	1			
EE Compliance			0.5		0.5%
Applicant is a designated employer and has failed to comply with the Employment Equity Act		-3			
Applicant complied with the Employment Equity Act		0.5			
Applicant complied voluntarily with the Employment Equity Act		0.5			
Compliance					
Applicant, or applicant's members, directors or controlling shareholders have entered into a plea bargain in respect of a contravention of the MLRA, its Regulations or permit conditions		-3			
Applicant, or applicant's members, directors or controlling shareholders have paid an admission of guilt fine for contraventions of the MLRA, its Regulations or permit conditions		-1			
Total Score			100		100.0%

¹³ Applicants with employees that did not pay levies were scored -1. Applicants without employees scored 0. Applicants that paid levies and participated in learnership programmes or other skills development programmes through SETA scored 1 point. Applicants with employees that (only) paid levies scored 0.

¹⁴ Applicants that made a profit and made no donations scored -1. Applicants that did not make a profit (or newly established and non trading entities) and that did not make donations score 0. Applicants that made donations scored 1.

¹⁵ One point was awarded if the applicant had a policy or if the applicant procured from suppliers with some black shareholding.

11. The Decisions on Applications for Long Term Rights

The delegated authority allocated Hake Longline commercial fishing rights to 132 of the medium term right holder applicants. The decisions in respect of one applicant were reserved pending the finalisation of an investigation by the RVU. The remaining 11 applications from MTRH applicants were rejected.

The delegated authority did not grant rights to any new entrant applicants.

The following lists are attached as annexure "A" to this GPR:

- "A.1", the successful MTRH applicants in alphabetical order, together with their application numbers, vessel(s) authorised and quantum allocated.
- "A.2", the unsuccessful MTRH applicants in alphabetical order, together with their application numbers;
- "A3", the reserved MTRH applicant and application number; and
- "A.4", the unsuccessful NE applicants in alphabetical order, together with their application numbers.

12. The Allocation of Quantum

On 21 February 2006, the delegated authority issued a quantum allocation mechanism to the applicants in the Hake Longline fishery and called upon applicants to submit comments on the mechanism. After considering the comments, the delegated authority amended the mechanism. Ultimately the following mechanism was implemented (which must be read together with paragraph 7.3 of the Hake Longline sector policy):

HAKE LONGLINE QUANTUM ALLOCATION MECHANISM

Medium term right holder applicants

1. In respect of medium-term right holder applicants, the starting point was the applicant's allocation during the 2005 fishing season.
2. The applicants were then divided into four groups: unsuccessful applicants; successful applicants that held 57.878 tons in 2005; successful applicants that held 89.043 tons in 2005 and successful applicants that held more than 89.043 tons in 2005.
3. In respect of successful applicants that held 57.878 tons in 2005 the following mechanism was applied:
 - 3.1 The amounts were first adjusted pro rata to the reduction of the hake longline portion of the Hake TAC in 2006;

- 3.2 An amount of 30% was subtracted from each successful applicant's allocation and redistributed to all applicants falling in this group in accordance with their performance scores (total score for job creation and investment).
4. In respect of successful applicants that held 89.043 tons in 2005 the following mechanism was applied:
 - 4.1 The amounts were first adjusted pro rata to the reduction of the hake longline portion of the Hake TAC in 2006;
 - 4.2 An amount of 30% was subtracted from each successful applicant's allocation and redistributed to all applicants falling in this group in accordance with their performance scores (total score for job creation and investment).
5. In respect of successful applicants that held more than 89.043 tons in 2005 the following mechanism was applied:
 - 5.1 The amounts were first adjusted pro rata to the reduction of the hake longline portion of the Hake TAC in 2006;
 - 5.2 An amount of 30% was subtracted from each successful applicant's allocation and redistributed to all applicants falling in this group in accordance with their performance scores (total score for job creation and investment).
6. The portion of the 2005 TAC that were allocated to unsuccessful applicants were adjusted pro rata to the reduction of the hake longline portion of the Hake TAC in 2006 and redistributed to all successful applicants (in the above three groups) in accordance with their performance scores (total score for job creation and investment).

New entrants

7. No rights were allocated to new entrants.

Appeals

8. No set amount (fixed percentage of the TAC or fixed tonnage) will be reserved for the reserved decision, appeals or reviews, but each successful applicant is allocated its percentage of the TAC plus/minus its share of gains or losses after the reserved decision and the appeals and reviews instituted within 180 days after the conclusion of appeals, have been decided. In essence, the mechanism described above will be applied again after the reserved application has been decided, in the appeals process, or after a successful review, in order to determine whether a right holder (regardless of whether a right holder has appealed or not) should gain or lose quantum in terms of the mechanism.
9. This means that successful applicants will not be allocated a fixed percentage of the TAC for the first fishing season. The final percentage will become fixed only after the appeals, reviews (if any are instituted within 180 days after appeals) and the reserved decision have been decided. A provisional permit for a lesser amount will be allocated for the first part of the 2006 fishing season.

13. Policy reasons for the decisions on rights and quantum

The delegated authority decided to exclude only MTRH applicants that were materially defective or failed to meet the essential requirements for participating in the fishery. The reasons for excluding these applicants have been dealt with in the General policy and the Hake Longline sector policy and will not be repeated here. The delegated authority decided not to allocate any rights to new entrant applicants. As none of the applicants were excluded in terms of the comparative balancing criteria, it was not necessary to set cut-offs.

The reasons for the decisions are as follows:

- 13.1 The Hake Longline sector policy provides that the level of transformation in the fishery is satisfactory and that a large number of small and medium sized enterprises (“SMEs”) operate in the fishery. It is further stated that new entrant applicants may be preferred over existing right-holders who have, failed to transform qualitatively, have not performed adequately or have not adhered to the MLRA, its regulations or permit conditions.
- 13.2 In respect of transformation, the delegated authority decided that the level of transformation and the quality of the transformation, in the sector remained satisfactory. During the medium term rights allocation process, 90% of the TAC was allocated to black controlled entities. This figure now stands at 91.3%. The percentage black ownership of the TAC now stands at 75.5%.
- 13.3 In respect of performance, the delegated authority decided to reduce the quantum to applicants that did not score well in terms of job creation and investment. The delegated authority is satisfied that these applicants do not pose a paper quota risk. The main reason why these applicants scored low was that their claims in respect of investment and job creation were not recognised. The claims were primarily rejected because the applicants did not properly apportion investment and jobs between sectors or between joint venture partners, as all applicants were required to do in the Explanatory Notes to the application form, if they chose to apply in the form of an economic unit. In many instances, if there was a failure to properly apportion, the delegated authority had no choice but to assess the applicant's jobs or investment at zero and the applicant could accordingly not be rewarded.
- 13.4 The Hake Longline sector policy provides that South Africa’s hake stocks are presently managed in terms of a conservative management plan as there are concerns that the current level of fishing effort may not be sustainable in light of decreasing catch rates and increasing catch efficiency. The collective impact of diverse catching methods is cause for further concern. In the Longline fishery,

the accommodation of large numbers of new entrants (in the past) has also resulted in much uncertainty and a lack of substantial investment in infrastructure and human resources. Given that the TAC is likely to be further reduced and that a large percentage of MTRH holders were successful, it was not possible to accommodate any new entrants.

14. Permit Conditions for this Fishery

The Hake Longline fishery policy stipulates that the permit conditions in this fishery will be determined after consultation with right holders and it will be subject to revision as and when it may be necessary.

The Chief Director: Resource Management (“the CD:RM”) is authorised to determine permit conditions in terms of section 13 of the MLRA. In order to sustainably manage this fishery, maintain the transformation profile of the fishery and to support the consolidation of the number of right holders that operate as joint venture entities, the CD: RM, after consultation with the delegated authority, and having regard to the policy objectives of this fishery intends to determine permit conditions that give effect to, *inter alia*, the following:

14.1 Performance Measuring: Right holders in this fishery will be measured against criteria such as transformation, investment and compliance. The CD:RM will design permit conditions to ensure adherence with these criteria and will require right holders to provide data during the second fishing season in this regard. Failure to reasonably comply with these permit conditions may result in the commencement of proceedings under section 28 of the Act.

14.2 Reporting: All right-holders in this fishery will have to adhere to strict reporting measures to ensure that the Department is provided with up-to-date correct catch data to ensure effective management of the fishery.

Dr Monde Mayekiso

Delegated Authority: Hake Longline

22 March 2006

Annexure A1
Successful Hake Longline MTRH Applicants in Numeric Order and Quantum Allocated

App Number	Applicant Name	Final Allocation	Vessel(s) Authorised
1	HLLM00001 : VM Young Visserye Bk : : 1997005571/23	69.787	To Nominate an Alternative Vessel
2	HLLM00003 : Ocean Ukhozi Fishing (Pty) Ltd : : 2004/004857/07	78.076	MFV Oosterdam
3	HLLM00004 : J & J Visserye Bk : 1993/021886/23 :	62.449	Oosterdam
4	HLLM00005 : Noordkaap Visserman Onderneming Ltd : : 95/04732/06	92.529	Ellis 5 The Don
5	HLLM00201 : Eastern Marine Enterprises (Pty) Ltd : : 1996/092815/07	39.188	Augusta 1 Cape Padrone
6	HLLM00241 : Imbumba Fishing CC : CK 1999/003516/23 :	46.649	Don Marco
7	HLLM00251 : Genuine Fisheries CC : 1999/58131/23 :	69.756	Augusta 1
8	HLLM00252 : Bluefin Fishing Enterprises CC : CK1996/013823/23 : CK1996/013823/23	106.939	Estrela Do Mar
9	HLLM00253 : Itemba Labantu Fishing CC : 1998/003106/23 :	80.089	Intini
10	HLLM00254 : Hentiq 1173 (Pty) Ltd : : 1998/005300/07	102.474	Intini
11	HLLM00255 : Glomor One (Pty) Ltd : : 2000/029549/07	85.256	Christie Leonie
12	HLLM00256 : Unathi - Wena Fishing : CK1998/001767/23 :	39.188	Emerald
13	HLLM00257 : Ezabantu Fishing CC : 1999/006207/23 :	39.188	Don Marco
14	HLLM00258 : Mazidlekaya Fishing CC : 1998/42385/23 :	50.423	Don Marco
15	HLLM00259 : NPS Agencies CC : 95/40156/23 :	69.756	Estrela Do Mar
16	HLLM00260 : Royal Algoa Fishing Co (Pty) Ltd : : 98/13021/07	85.256	Christie Leoni
17	HLLM00261 : Alicente Fishing CC : CK1997/031140/23 :	116.604	Eros
18	HLLM00262 : Gamka Fishing (Pty) Ltd : : 1999/016989/07	74.922	Maximus
19	HLLM00263 : Kwik Freeze Fisheries (Pty) Ltd : : 1988/002583/07	108.573	Maximus
20	HLLM00265 : Le-Tap Fishing CC : CK1992/015962/23 :	39.188	Emerald
21	HLLM00266 : J-Bay Squid Catches (Pty) Ltd : : 2002/015693/07	39.188	Amalia
22	HLLM00267 : Your Trade 19 CC : 1998/035150/23 :	51.857	MVB Highland Queen
23	HLLM00268 : Zimele Fishing CC : 1996/047351/23 :	48.452	Cape Padrone
24	HLLM00269 : Risar Fishing CC : 1995/005847/23 :	108.573	Cape Padrone
25	HLLM00270 : Al-Aman Fishing CC : 1997/036580/23 :	48.452	Cape Padrone
26	HLLM00271 : Ulwandle Fishing (Pty) Ltd : : 1997/008362/07	81.309	MFV Carpe Diem Augusta 1
27	HLLM00272 : Mast Fishing (Pty) Ltd : : 1999/012365/07	81.309	MFV Cape Frio
28	HLLM00273 : Skillfull 102 (Pty) Ltd : : 2001/001309/07	85.256	Christie Leonie
29	HLLM00274 : Algoa Marine Exporters (Pty) Ltd : : 1995/003550/07	85.256	Christie Leonie
30	HLLM00301 : Ocean View & Masiphumelele Fishing (Pty) Ltd : : 1998/011485/07	90.275	Shivon
31	HLLM00302 : Biz Afrika 131 (Pty) Ltd : : 1999/04544/07	60.806	Shivon
32	HLLM00303 : Balobi Processors (Pty) Ltd : : 2000/006993/07	96.102	Karin
33	HLLM00304 : Monodon Fishing Enterprises (Pty) Ltd : : 1993/003234/07	95.068	Michelle Karin
34	HLLM00306 : Interfish (Pty) Ltd : : 1996/017011/07	95.590	MFV Karin
35	HLLM00307 : Humansdorp Community Factory Workers (Pty) Ltd : : 2001/004678/07	71.225	Shivon

	App Number	Applicant Name	Final Allocation	Vessel(s) Authorised
36	HLLM00308	: TTM Fishing (Pty) Ltd : : 2001/003721/07	48.452	Don Marco
37	HLLM00309	: Malibongwe Fisheries CC : 1999/013007/23 :	62.449	Shivon
38	HLLM00310	: Faulkner Fishing Enterprises CC : CK99/016976/23 :	45.521	Emerald
39	HLLM00311	: Pellsrus Historical Fishing Corporation CC : CK95/49720/23 :	64.680	Emerald
40	HLLM00312	: Umzawowethu (Oyster Bay) Fishermens Corporation CC : CK1997/032768/23 :	51.857	Emerald
41	HLLM00313	: DMA Fishing Enterprises (Pty) Ltd : : 1991/005975/07	80.089	Don Marco The Don
42	HLLM00314	: D Christy and Sons (Pty) Ltd : : 1991/005977/07	80.089	Don Marco The Don
43	HLLM00315	: Knysna Fishing Company (Pty) Ltd : : 97/10225/07	122.252	Shivon The Don
44	HLLM00316	: Gerombe Fishing Enterprises CC : 1990/028553/23 :	117.504	Ellis "5"
45	HLLM00317	: Open Circle Projects One CC : 1999/049328/23 :	77.063	Maximus
46	HLLM00401	: Robberg Fast Foods SA (Pty) Ltd : : 95/07260/07	85.256	White Rose
47	HLLM00402	: Yellow Star Trading 1154 (Pty) Ltd : : 2000/020293/07	86.095	White Rose
48	HLLM00403	: Maintenance Fishing CC : 96/040197/23 :	88.385	MFV Eros
49	HLLM00404	: Trade off 65 (Pty) Ltd : : 1998/000380/07	106.939	Eros
50	HLLM00405	: D & H Fisheries CC : CK 9846540/23 :	85.256	St Lucia
51	HLLM00406	: Versatex Trading 249 (Pty) Ltd : : 2001/018897/07	48.452	Don Marco
52	HLLM00407	: Pakamani Fishing (Pty) Ltd : : 1996/017946/07	106.939	Pakamani
53	HLLM00541	: Valortrade 1143 Cc : CK1999/047326/23 :	62.449	Boloko 1
54	HLLM00542	: Masikhule Fishing CC : CK1999/025337/23 :	106.939	Boloko 1
55	HLLM00543	: Injectrade 1100 CC : 99/52933/23 :	59.422	Pakamani
56	HLLM00544	: Mossel Bay Indigenous : 96/31153/23 :	105.000	MFV Largo
57	HLLM00545	: Vasco Da Gama Fishing CC : 1987/028430/23 :	91.677	Colleen
58	HLLM00549	: Yeyethu Fishing (Pty) Ltd : : 2001/010551/07	51.857	MFV Boloko 1
59	HLLM00550	: AFD Fishing CC : CK1995/38039/23 :	55.141	Boloko 1
60	HLLM00551	: Taridor Five CC : CK98/032415/23 :	81.434	Emerald
61	HLLM00552	: Sceptre Fishing (Pty) Ltd : : 1995/010422/07	93.433	Borderer
62	HLLM00553	: Henbase 2361 CC : 1997/008720/23 :	51.857	Monnickendam
63	HLLM00611	: Gibbiseps Visserye (Pty) Ltd : : 1999/013580/07	45.521	Vukani Cape Frio
64	HLLM00612	: Dyer Eiland Visserye (Pty) Ltd : : 2001/004148/07	57.099	To Nominate an Alternative Vessel
65	HLLM00681	: Pimpano Sixteen (Pty) Ltd : : 1999/016270/07	51.857	Aries
66	HLLM00751	: Kusasa Commodities 63 (Pty) Ltd : : 2000/007314/07	58.202	Silver Hunter
67	HLLM00752	: Activest Twenty (Pty)Ltd : : 1999/020102/07	54.255	Sean Paquitto III
68	HLLM00754	: Pike Rock Fishing CC : 1998/26361/23 :	62.449	Silver Hunter
69	HLLM00756	: Full Deck Investments (Pty) Ltd : : 1995/000293/07	113.626	Comet
70	HLLM00757	: Carina Fisheries CC : CK 1998/030163/23 :	74.922	Silver Hunter
71	HLLM00758	: Emachibini Fisheries (Pty) Ltd : : 1997/012114/07	86.892	MFV Emerald
72	HLLM00759	: Ezintlanzini Fishing (Pty) Ltd : : 1996/009434/07	110.013	Highland Queen
73	HLLM00760	: Umfondini Fishing (Pty) Ltd : : 1997/013991/07	110.013	Highland Queen
74	HLLM00761	: Ezolwandle Fishing (Pty) Ltd : : 1996/009516/07	108.573	Highland Queen

	App Number	Applicant Name	Final Allocation	Vessel(s) Authorised
75	HLLM00762	: Reiger Visserye CC : 1995/015644/23 :	61.335	Braudaris
76	HLLM00764	: Soundprops 1167 Investments (Pty) Ltd : : 1991/005468/07	67.122	Highland Queen
77	HLLM00765	: SLH Fishers Ltd : : 1998/09779/06	82.412	Silver Hunter
78	HLLM00766	: Simunye Fisherman CC : CK 1996/029489/23 :	56.085	Silver Hunter
79	HLLM00801	: The Tuna Hake Fishing Corp. Ltd. : : 1998/001925/06	733.408	Rooiberg Abe Shapiro Cyril Burrel II Valhalla Tina Alaska Ouma Westerdam Monnickendam Nicolette Southern Tiger
80	HLLM00802	: Premier Fishing SA (Pty)Ltd : : 1952/002/671/07	53.417	Estrella Do Mar
81	HLLM00803	: Impala Fishing (Pty) Ltd : : 1994/003706/07	123.652	Hermans
82	HLLM00804	: African Star Fishing (Pty) Ltd : : 19840998207	40.074	Werkendam
83	HLLM00805	: Ferro Fishing (Pty) Ltd : : 9006714/07	55.141	Armzindo
84	HLLM00806	: Abantu Fishing (Pty) Ltd : : 1999/002804/07	56.085	Augusta 1
85	HLLM00807	: Saul Cloete & Vennote (EDMS) BPK : : 1996/007599/07	56.085	Augusta 1
86	HLLM00808	: Deus Te Ajude Fishing (Pty) Ltd : : 2001/002877/07	80.237	Augusta 1
87	HLLM00809	: Westfort Fishing CC : : 1999/012030/23	51.126	Penkop II
88	HLLM00810	: Sibanye Fishing Company (Pty) Ltd : : 1997/000736/07	73.552	Perle du Atlantic
89	HLLM00812	: Kupukani Fishing (Pty) Ltd : : 2005/008786/07	47.234	Estrell Do Mar
90	HLLM00813	: JFP Fishing CC : CK1987/023254/23 :	81.309	Kentucky
91	HLLM00815	: Diablo Trade 113 (Pty) Ltd : : 199/001230/07	75.245	Sean Paqui to III
92	HLLM00816	: Bross Investments (Pty) Ltd : : 2001/017707/07	39.628	Nicolette
93	HLLM00817	: Intlanzi Fishing (Pty) Ltd : : 1998/011610/07	123.652	To Nominate an Alternative Vessel
94	HLLM00818	: Bayview Fishing (Pty) Ltd : : 1996/03127/07	39.188	MFV Alan Lees
95	HLLM00819	: Hentiq 2349 (Pty) Ltd : : 2000/005014/07	39.188	MFV Kirstenberg
96	HLLM00820	: Longline Fishing (Pty) Ltd : : 1999/006616/07	102.474	Aries
97	HLLM00821	: Viking Fishing Company (Deep Sea) (Pty) Ltd : : 1996/017843/07	74.922	Aries
98	HLLM00823	: Blue Continent Products (Pty) Ltd : : 1963/04088/07	89.088	Avril W
99	HLLM00824	: The Cape Peninsula Line Fisherman CC : 1998/032453/23 :	69.787	MFV Monnickendam
100	HLLM00825	: Petersen's Fishing Enterprises CC : CK 1998/047022/23 :	39.628	Perle Du Atlantic
101	HLLM00826	: Siyakha Fishing CC : 1998/035918/23 :	47.234	Abraham T
102	HLLM00827	: Govest Eight CC : 1998/043128/23 :	46.649	Sea Pride2
103	HLLM00828	: Alice Community Fishing Enterprises CC : 1998/12556/23 :	77.063	Swordfish
104	HLLM00829	: Khulani Fishing (Pty) Ltd : : 9400260307	60.289	Weskus 1
105	HLLM00830	: Rainbow Nation Fishing CC : 1996/030688/23 :	48.452	Swordfish
106	HLLM00831	: Heat Wave Fishing Corporation (Pty) Ltd : : 2005/013644/07	74.922	Boloko 1
107	HLLM00835	: Joenardo Fishing CC : 1995/044970/23 :	39.628	Tina

	App Number	Applicant Name	Final Allocation	Vessel(s) Authorised
				Valhalla
108	HLLM00836	: VG Newman CC : 1998/064792/23 :	82.735	Seapride II
109	HLLM00837	: Bafiaansberg (Pty) Ltd : : 1996/006712/07	77.063	Seapride II
110	HLLM00838	: Carpensis Fishing Industries (Pty) Ltd : : 2000/028039/07	39.628	MFV Oosterdam
111	HLLM00839	: Scotshe Kloof Fishery CC : CK96/33344/23 :	39.188	Shian Feng Chang No. 18
112	HLLM00840	: Bluefin Holdings (Pty) Ltd : : 98/09671/07	39.628	To Nominate an Alternative Vessel
113	HLLM00841	: Eyethu Fishing (Pty) Ltd : : 1996/003666/07	85.256	Christie Leonie
114	HLLM00843	: Sisonke Fishing CC : CK1998/012399/23 :	39.188	Highland Queen
115	HLLM00844	: Starmark Trading (Pty) Ltd : : 2001/019958/07	41.455	Sea Pride 2
116	HLLM00845	: Cape Fish Processors (Pty) Ltd : : 1999/026962/07	68.423	Avril W
117	HLLM00846	: Calamari Fishing (Pty) Ltd : : 1990/002421/07	78.705	Estrela Do Mar
118	HLLM00847	: Cyrel Burrel Fishing CC : 1993/013500/23 :	94.535	Christo Rei
119	HLLM00848	: Combined Fishing Enterprises : CK 1996/09752/23 :	91.677	Shian Feng Chang No 18
120	HLLM00853	: Trawl Investments CC : 1994/036380/23 :	39.628	Sulaiman
121	HLLM00855	: Eyabantu Fisheries CC : 1997/021594/23 :	44.443	Don Marco
122	HLLM00856	: Mierwaan Railoun/ MR Fishing CC : 2005/053890/23 :	49.744	Highland Queen
123	HLLM00857	: Ukloba Fishing (Pty) Ltd : : 2004/033662/07	112.512	Tiger Fish
124	HLLM00921	: Nati Si Nako Fishing cc : CK 1999/004720/23 :	39.188	Asterix Nicolette
125	HLLM00922	: Masifunde Fishing CC : CK 99/04669/23 :	60.806	Asterix Nicolette
126	HLLM00923	: Safrika Fishing CC : CK 1999/004618/23 :	60.806	Asterix Nicolette
127	HLLM00924	: Amaqobela Fishing (Pty) Ltd : : 1998/018717/07	56.085	Dolphin Bay
128	HLLM00925	: Laaggety Visserye BK : 1999/037811/23 :	39.188	Dolphin Bay
129	HLLM00926	: Rietvlei Fishing CC : 1998/062399/23 :	80.237	Dolphin Bay
130	HLLM00927	: Kalahari Fishing CC : 1998/014177/23 :	77.063	Dolphin Bay
131	HLLM00928	: Sizabantu Fishing Corporation (Pty) Ltd : : 2003/004967/07	76.145	Boloko 1
132	HLLM00930	: Titancor Eleven CC : : 1998/035344/23	44.443	Penkop 2

Annexure A2
Unsuccessful Hake Longline Medium Term Right Holder Applicants

Application Number	Applicant Name
1	HLLM00849 : Bubesi Fishing (Pty) Ltd : : 1998/021370/07
2	HLLM00832 : Hacky Fishing (Pty) Ltd : : 1993/004967/07
3	HLLM00852 : I Fortune and Crew (Pty) Ltd : : 1998/07382/07
4	HLLM00763 : Laingville Fisheries (Pty) Ltd : : 1997/005954/07
5	HLLM00305 : LM Fisheries (Pty) Ltd : : 1996/013495/07
6	HLLM00753 : Louwenians Fishing CC : CK98/016602/23 :
7	HLLM00767 : Quantus Fishing (Pty) Ltd : : 1981/007269/07
8	HLLM00929 : RD Summers Fisheries CC : 1997/006793/23 :
9	HLLM00822 : Solomons Fishing CC : : CK 1999/019615/23
10	HLLM00002 : T & N Fisheries : CK97/40367/23 :
11	HLLM00842 : Thuthuka Fisheries : : 2004/020517/07

Annexure A3
Reserved Hake Longline Applicant

	Application Number	Applicant Name
1	HLLM00814	: South African Commercial Fishermen's Corporation : : 1997/001287/07

Annexure A4
Unsuccessful Hake Longline New Entrant Applicants in Numeric Order

	Application Number	Applicant Name
1	HLLN00003	Sugarberry Trading 15
2	HLLN00004	Pagiseal Investments (Proprietary) Limited
3	HLLN00005	Cosmic Gold Trading 232
4	HLLN00006	Global Pact Trading 272 (Pty) Ltd
5	HLLN00101	Corlink seven (Pty) Ltd
6	HLLN00102	7 Seaman Fishing (Pty) Ltd
7	HLLN00103	In Line Trading 18 (Pty) Ltd
8	HLLN00161	Red Cliffs Trading 42
9	HLLN00162	Rustum Mpumelelo Mshuqwana
10	HLLN00163	Marble Gold 1019CC
11	HLLN00261	Masivuke General Trading
12	HLLN00262	Seasons Find 791CC
13	HLLN00263	Sea Spirit Trading 179CC
14	HLLN00265	Hennox 615CC
15	HLLN00361	Nomalungelo Fishing
16	HLLN00362	Kasouga Fishing CC
17	HLLN00363	Total Inventions One CC
18	HLLN00364	Jeffreys Bay Processor (Pty) Ltd
19	HLLN00365	Siyavunga Traders (Pty) Ltd
20	HLLN00366	Flake Ice Employees (Pty) Ltd
21	HLLN00367	Stans Marine Harvesting CC
22	HLLN00368	STM Fishing CC
23	HLLN00369	Nabi Fishing (Pty) Ltd
24	HLLN00370	Blinx Trading CC
25	HLLN00371	Abourizk Sea Services CC
26	HLLN00372	Sharp Move Trading 140 (Pty) Ltd
27	HLLN00373	Buchuberg Marine Harvesting CC
28	HLLN00374	Talhado Fishing Enterprises (Pty) Ltd
29	HLLN00375	Red Roma CC
30	HLLN00376	Bafazi Bomthonyana CC
31	HLLN00377	Chetty's Fisheries CC
32	HLLN00378	Rich Rewards Trading 18 (Pty) Ltd
33	HLLN00380	Ingelosi Trading 119
34	HLLN00381	High Point Trading 503
35	HLLN00382	Copper Eagle Trading 107
36	HLLN00383	Aludar 123
37	HLLN00384	Kuzi Fishing CC
38	HLLN00385	Western Breeze T/A 47 (Pty) Ltd
39	HLLN00386	Jayfish CC
40	HLLN00387	Omelele Holdings (Pty) Ltd
41	HLLN00388	Isinda 103 (Pty) Ltd
42	HLLN00389	Lady Bird Fishing CC
43	HLLN00390	Maritime Mix Fishing CC
44	HLLN00391	Hilmore Fishing CC
45	HLLN00392	Fisherman Fresh CC
46	HLLN00393	Bra Pin's Industries CC
47	HLLN00394	Sale-Point Traders 114 (Pty) Ltd

	Application Number	Applicant Name
48	HLLN00395	Route 7 Trading 99 CC
49	HLLN00396	Umthi Wesizwe Investments (Pty) Ltd
50	HLLN00397	Molo Fish (Pty) Ltd
51	HLLN00398	Collateral Trading 140 CC
52	HLLN00399	Shukran Sea Food Traders
53	HLLN00400	Ngumzamo Fishing CC
54	HLLN00401	Silver Star Trading 329
55	HLLN00402	Laphumikhwezi Fishing And Trading
56	HLLN00403	U & I Fishing CC
57	HLLN00404	Delevex 435
58	HLLN00406	K & P Transport
59	HLLN00407	Equifish CC
60	HLLN00409	BD Oosthuizen Fisheries (Pty) Ltd
61	HLLN00411	Bhongo Projects CC
62	HLLN00412	Southern Ambition 439 CC
63	HLLN00413	Southern Ambition 764CC
64	HLLN00414	Widfire Trading 428CC
65	HLLN00415	Omatiloshe Fishing (Pty) Ltd
66	HLLN00416	Whirlaway Trading 258CC
67	HLLN00417	Solvent Enterprises cc
68	HLLN00418	Isichumiso Fishing Close Corporation
69	HLLN00419	The Snoek King cc
70	HLLN00420	Sunset Bay Trading 291 (Pty) Ltd
71	HLLN00421	Fisha Fishing Enterprises cc
72	HLLN00422	Masomelele Fishing (Pty) Ltd
73	HLLN00423	Regent Corporate Administration 12CC
74	HLLN00424	G Joseph's Trading Services
75	HLLN00425	Develex 417
76	HLLN00426	Copper Lake Investments 104
77	HLLN00427	Winter Night Investments 174
78	HLLN00428	Stone Phumelele Sizani
79	HLLN00429	Qaqamba Trading CC
80	HLLN00431	Lugqatso Bafazi Fishing
81	HLLN00461	Calendria 112
82	HLLN00462	Eastern Cape Squid and Hake Fishemans Development CC
83	HLLN00463	Smybl Fishing CC
84	HLLN00464	MTV Fishing St Francis Bay (Pty) Ltd
85	HLLN00465	Ithemba Fishing
86	HLLN00466	Kouga Ocean Ladies CC
87	HLLN00467	Khanyisa Fishing CC
88	HLLN00468	Humansdorp Fish Processors (Pty) Ltd
89	HLLN00469	St Francis Women Fishing Community (Pty) Ltd
90	HLLN00470	Double Ring Trading 99 (Pty) Ltd
91	HLLN00471	Sisalinga Fishing CC
92	HLLN00472	Silver Stars Trading 378
93	HLLN00473	Evening Flame Trading 165
94	HLLN00474	Riverwalk Trading 437
95	HLLN00475	Volgaris Fishing CC
96	HLLN00477	Blue Disa Trading
97	HLLN00478	Tropical Eden Trading 409

	Application Number	Applicant Name
98	HLLN00479	Double Stars Trading 113
99	HLLN00480	P Oliphant & Associates cc
100	HLLN00481	Cumax III cc
101	HLLN00482	Kaytrad Commodities (Pty) Ltd
102	HLLN00483	Mthetwane Fishing cc
103	HLLN00484	Saluthola Usizo Fishing CC
104	HLLN00485	Capoto Fishing CC
105	HLLN00486	Dodeka Fishing (Pty) Ltd
106	HLLN00487	
107	HLLN00488	Langalokulunga Fishing CC
108	HLLN00489	Indaba Fishing CC
109	HLLN00490	Abrina 1483 (Pty) Ltd
110	HLLN00491	Ithuba Lika Ntu Fishing (Pty) Ltd
111	HLLN00492	Siyajonga Trading 456 cc
112	HLLN00493	Bedrukte Fishing Enterprises CC
113	HLLN00494	Gudlunxweme Fishing Company
114	HLLN00495	Zibuyile Fishing cc
115	HLLN00496	East Cape Fisheries CC
116	HLLN00497	Inexma 198 CC
117	HLLN00498	Laqhama Fishing cc
118	HLLN00499	Armino 190 CC
119	HLLN00500	Phakamani Fishing cc
120	HLLN00501	Siyahlala Fishing
121	HLLN00502	Ngwenya Fishing CC
122	HLLN00503	Skumbuza Fishing CC
123	HLLN00504	Ntwentweni Trading Enterprise
124	HLLN00505	Lindela Fishing CC
125	HLLN00561	Wreck Visserye BK
126	HLLN00661	Ensemble Trading 203 (Pty) Ltd
127	HLLN00662	Trade Upfront 156 (Pty) Ltd
128	HLLN00663	Plettenberg Bay Fish Processors (Pty) Ltd
129	HLLN00665	Wavelengths 1210
130	HLLN00666	Zuzile Fishing CC
131	HLLN00667	Komkol Fishing CC
132	HLLN00668	Plett Shelf 14 CC
133	HLLN00669	Garden Route Fisheries CC
134	HLLN00670	MCKK Enterprise Fishing CC
135	HLLN00671	M.E.N Fishing Enterprises CC
136	HLLN00761	Bonswa Fisheries CC
137	HLLN00881	Blue Dot Properties 1056 CC
138	HLLN00941	CC Trade 177 CC
139	HLLN00942	Fisherman Community Group (Pty) Ltd
140	HLLN00943	Ikamva Fishing (Pty) Ltd
141	HLLN00944	Jadime Fishing
142	HLLN00945	Gallies Investments
143	HLLN00946	Garden Coast Trading 19CC
144	HLLN00947	Fullimput 1328
145	HLLN00948	Iphuma Emanzini Fishing (Pty) Ltd
146	HLLN00950	Ajek Investments 18 CC
147	HLLN00951	Soetlief Vissery

	Application Number	Applicant Name
148	HLLN00952	GiGi Electrical & Sons BK
149	HLLN00953	Buddingtrade 1090 CC
150	HLLN00954	Coalition Trading 693 CC
151	HLLN00955	Incushe Fishing CC
152	HLLN00956	Ugu Trade 9 CC
153	HLLN00957	Inkhululeku Mossel Bay Fishing CC
154	HLLN00958	Bright Idea Trading 42 CC
155	HLLN00959	Two-Tone Trade CC
156	HLLN00960	Sea Rythym CC
157	HLLN00961	Firnaan
158	HLLN00962	Silvermoon Seven CC
159	HLLN00963	Dreamteam Trading CC
160	HLLN00964	Rooirif Korporasie BK
161	HLLN00965	St Markus Vissers Limited
162	HLLN01061	Raaff Fisheries CC
163	HLLN01081	Combined Abalone Processors (Pty) Ltd
164	HLLN01086	Quick - Co 132 (Pty) Ltd
165	HLLN01087	Masithethe Imports & Exports CC
166	HLLN01088	Zaptron Investments
167	HLLN01089	Buitensteen Visserye Bpk
168	HLLN01090	Henque 3137 CC
169	HLLN01091	L And A Fishing (Pty) Ltd
170	HLLN01092	Goose Bay Fishing
171	HLLN01093	Mudge Point Fishing CC
172	HLLN01094	Firnaan No 23 CC
173	HLLN01095	Deep Rock Marine (Pty) Ltd
174	HLLN01096	Llewellyn Peter van Rensburg
175	HLLN01097	Norte Pesca Fishing CC
176	HLLN01098	Alcari 472 CC
177	HLLN01099	High Tide Trade 48 CC
178	HLLN01100	Overberg Commercial Abalone Divers Ltd
179	HLLN01161	Noordbaai Vissers Beperk
180	HLLN01301	Malgas Visserye Bk
181	HLLN01302	Penguin Fisheries CC
182	HLLN01303	Snafu Vis en Kreef Corp CC
183	HLLN01304	Sederzee Visserye Bk
184	HLLN01305	Johnson Fisheries CC
185	HLLN01306	Sewester See Produkte Bk
186	HLLN01308	WBJ Marine CC
187	HLLN01361	Solar Trading 46 CC
188	HLLN01362	Northern Spark Trading 37 (Pty) Ltd
189	HLLN01363	Scenematic Fourteen (Pty) Ltd
190	HLLN01364	Imvusa Trading 883 CC
191	HLLN01365	Masiqhame Trading 417 CC
192	HLLN01366	Elapa Visprodukte Bpk
193	HLLN01367	Exclusive Access Trading 199 (Pty) Ltd
194	HLLN01368	Lagoon Visserye cc
195	HLLN01369	The Business Zone 775 cc
196	HLLN01370	Lamberts Bay Longline Operators (Pty) Ltd
197	HLLN01371	Lurama 106 (Pty) Ltd

	Application Number	Applicant Name
198	HLLN01372	Geelbek Fisheries cc
199	HLLN01373	Queen Atlantic Investment Holdings Ltd
200	HLLN01374	Mushlapi Fisheries CC
201	HLLN01375	FG Fishing Enterprises CC
202	HLLN01376	Umoya Fishing (Pty) Ltd
203	HLLN01377	Inyameko Trading 357 CC
204	HLLN01378	Pickor Twenty CC
205	HLLN01379	Emangwane 101 CC
206	HLLN01380	Loba Seafood CC
207	HLLN01381	Festive Fishing Enterprises CC
208	HLLN01382	Saldanha Visserye CC
209	HLLN01383	CSM Fishing (Pty) Ltd
210	HLLN01386	Palm Springs Fishing BK
211	HLLN01387	
212	HLLN01388	Masakhane Fishing CC
213	HLLN01389	Imvusa Trading 953 CC
214	HLLN01390	Introdeals 105 (Pty) Ltd
215	HLLN01391	Jaloersbaai (Pty) Ltd
216	HLLN01392	Compass Fishing Enterprise CC
217	HLLN01393	Sea Haven Fishing Holdings (Pty) Ltd
218	HLLN01394	Blue River Fishing
219	HLLN01395	Golden Rewards 130 CC
220	HLLN01396	Anthea Fisheries (Pty) Ltd
221	HLLN01398	Masiqame Trading 454 CC
222	HLLN01399	Blaizepoint Trading 224
223	HLLN01400	Aramatshe Fishing (Pty) Ltd
224	HLLN01402	Majestic Silver Trading 56 (Pty) Ltd
225	HLLN01403	Sizisa Ukhanyo Trading 521
226	HLLN01601	Thembalodumo Fishing CC
227	HLLN01603	Trade Factor Sixteen (Pty) Ltd
228	HLLN01604	Good Hope Fisheries (Pty) Limited
229	HLLN01605	Sneeuberg Fishing (Pty) Ltd
230	HLLN01606	Docmatix Fourteen (Pty) Ltd
231	HLLN01607	Douglas H Fishing (Pty) Ltd
232	HLLN01608	Joville Fishing CC
233	HLLN01610	Windhoek Fishing (Pty) Ltd
234	HLLN01611	Township Fishers Combined (Pty) Ltd
235	HLLN01612	Tierkop Investments CC
236	HLLN01613	JJ Da Mata & Sons Fishing Company (Pty) Ltd
237	HLLN01614	Moreira & Son Fishing CC
238	HLLN01615	Quantum Leap Projects (Pty) Ltd
239	HLLN01616	Hout Bay Fishermen's Widow Association (Pty) Ltd No.2
240	HLLN01617	Trade Factor Eleven (Pty) Ltd
241	HLLN01618	Imizamoyethu Fishing (Pty) Ltd
242	HLLN01619	Thato Fishing CC
243	HLLN01620	South Rock Fishing CC
244	HLLN01621	Compmatix Ten (Pty) Ltd
245	HLLN01622	Trade Factor Fifteen (Pty) Ltd
246	HLLN01623	Mictel Fishing CC
247	HLLN01624	Pesca Fresca (Pty) Ltd

	Application Number	Applicant Name
248	HLLN01625	Fiskom CC
249	HLLN01626	Adelette Fishing CC
250	HLLN01627	New Mexico CC
251	HLLN01628	Da Luz Fisheries CC
252	HLLN01629	Big Trout Trading Company (Pty) Ltd
253	HLLN01630	South West Trawlers CC
254	HLLN01631	Siyandiza Women Empowerment (Pty) Ltd
255	HLLN01635	Clipper Fishing CC
256	HLLN01637	Thembizwe Maarman Fishing (Pty) Ltd
257	HLLN01638	Molatsi Fishing CC
258	HLLN01639	Masiqame Trading 116 CC
259	HLLN01640	Langeberg Fishing CC.
260	HLLN01641	Da Silva Investments (Pty) Ltd
261	HLLN01642	RHC Marine CC
262	HLLN01643	Palzet Visserye Bk
263	HLLN01644	Excellent Fishing CC
264	HLLN01645	Louws Fishing CC
265	HLLN01646	Soliprops 1083 CC
266	HLLN01647	Alaska Fishing CC
267	HLLN01648	Alladin Food Industries CC
268	HLLN01649	Sao Gabriel Fishing CC
269	HLLN01650	SA Tuna Exporters (Pty) Ltd
270	HLLN01651	Sijubilye Fishing (Pty) ltd
271	HLLN01652	Agrela fishing (Pty) Ltd
272	HLLN01653	Rocket Trading 35 CC
273	HLLN01654	Balelo and Santos Fishing CC
274	HLLN01655	Fishermans Movement CC
275	HLLN01656	Maxi-Catch Fisheries CC
276	HLLN01657	Blue Sands Trading 650 CC
277	HLLN01658	Tomren CTA 427 Fishing No.1 CC
278	HLLN01659	MFV Westerdam CC
279	HLLN01660	Via Comdeus Fishing CC
280	HLLN01661	Red Hawk Fishing CC
281	HLLN01662	MJM Casula Fishing CC
282	HLLN01663	Bayana Bayana Fishing CC
283	HLLN01664	Soetwater Fishing CC
284	HLLN01665	Isicelu Fishing CC
285	HLLN01666	Storm Fishing CC
286	HLLN01667	Fernandes Fishing CC
287	HLLN01668	Ocean Rocket Fishing
288	HLLN01669	Blue Venture Fishing (Pty) Ltd
289	HLLN01671	Enkosi Madiba Fishing (Pty) Ltd
290	HLLN01672	Agulhas Fishing CC
291	HLLN01673	New District Six Fishing (Pty) Ltd
292	HLLN01674	I Africa Fishing cc
293	HLLN01675	Imvusa Trading 942 cc
294	HLLN01676	Helena Rossouw Fishing cc
295	HLLN01677	Kyga Fishing Trust 1 cc
296	HLLN01678	Kentucky Fishing cc
297	HLLN01679	Spirit Of Reconciliation Fishing (Pty) Ltd

	Application Number	Applicant Name
298	HLLN01680	Izizukulwana Fishing CC
299	HLLN01681	Wild Coast Marine (Pty) Ltd
300	HLLN01682	AA Fishing CC
301	HLLN01683	Bluebay Trading 123
302	HLLN01684	Community Processors And Distributors (Pty) Ltd
303	HLLN01685	JNC Fishing (Pty) Ltd
304	HLLN01687	Rooiberg Bay Fishing CC
305	HLLN01688	Mzikayise Mcosana
306	HLLN01689	Ngxiki Fishing CC
307	HLLN01690	Siyazenzela Fishing CC
308	HLLN01691	Prime Catch Fisheries CC
309	HLLN01692	Mayisebenze Fishing CC
310	HLLN01695	Abavuni Bentlanzi Fishing CC
311	HLLN01696	Tuscan Mood 1004 CC
312	HLLN01697	Global Pact Trading 273
313	HLLN01698	Selimanthunzi Fishing & Exporters (Pty) Ltd
314	HLLN01699	Batsilva CC
315	HLLN01700	AX Fishing CC
316	HLLN01701	MP Fishing CC
317	HLLN01702	I-Thina Investment Holdings (Pty) Ltd
318	HLLN01703	Fikeleleka Fishing CC
319	HLLN01704	John & Jose Fishing Enterprises CC
320	HLLN01705	Silver Solutions 114 CC
321	HLLN01706	Moneyline 1787 CC
322	HLLN01707	Masiphatisane Fishing CC
323	HLLN01712	A Penglides (Pty) Ltd
324	HLLN01713	Mystic Blue 125 (Pty) Ltd
325	HLLN01714	World Focus 897 CC
326	HLLN01715	Seasons Find 747 CC
327	HLLN01716	Scarlet Dawn Trading 78 CC
328	HLLN01718	Marble Gold 37 (Pty) Ltd
329	HLLN01719	Razyabo Holdings (Pty) Ltd
330	HLLN01721	Dromedaris Visserye Beperk
331	HLLN01722	Velddrif Trawling & Line Fishing (Pty) Ltd
332	HLLN01723	Dokli CC
333	HLLN01724	Bato Star Fishing (Pty) Ltd
334	HLLN01725	Dolphin Whisper Trading (Pty) Ltd
335	HLLN01726	City Gate Trading (Pty) Ltd
336	HLLN01730	Abafazi Sea Fresh (Pty) Ltd
337	HLLN01731	Lezmin 1607 CC
338	HLLN01732	Victory Ticket 228 Cc
339	HLLN01733	Emerald Fire Trading 115 CC
340	HLLN01734	Fantastic Investments 6 CC
341	HLLN01735	Crestwave 107 (Pty)Ltd
342	HLLN01736	Cape Town Arms Fishing CC
343	HLLN01738	Pacific Breeze Trading 130 (Pty) Ltd
344	HLLN01739	Kleinbegin Community Development CC
345	HLLN01740	Centaurus Fishing (Pty) Ltd
346	HLLN01741	Inyameko Trading 359 CC
347	HLLN01742	High Tide Trade 50 CC

	Application Number	Applicant Name
348	HLLN01743	Thembsis Fish & Take Aways CC
349	HLLN01744	Ntabethemba Fishing CC
350	HLLN01745	Unitrade 947 (Pty) Ltd
351	HLLN01746	Masiqhame Trading 476 CC
352	HLLN01747	Southern Ambition 618 CC
353	HLLN01748	Abaphumeleli Trading 447 cc
354	HLLN01749	J&L Fishing cc
355	HLLN01750	Inter Africa Fishing (Pty) Ltd
356	HLLN01751	Muscle Cracker Trading 31 cc
357	HLLN01752	Island Seafoods cc
358	HLLN01753	A&J Fisheries (Pty) Ltd
359	HLLN01754	Imvusa Trading 927 CC
360	HLLN01755	Mpumelelo Fishing
361	HLLN01756	Aquarella Investments 192 (Pty) Ltd
362	HLLN01757	Masiqhame Trading 321 CC
363	HLLN01758	Ebb-Tide Fishing CC
364	HLLN01759	Watsonia Fishing CC
365	HLLN01760	Khayelitsha Fishing Company Ltd
366	HLLN01761	Glasshouse Trading 105 (Pty) Ltd
367	HLLN01762	Assertive Fishing CC
368	HLLN01763	Baia De Zarco (Pty) Ltd
369	HLLN01764	Amandla Abasebenzi Fishing (Pty) Ltd
370	HLLN01765	Sea Pride Fishing (Pty) Ltd
371	HLLN01766	Silver Solutions 1095 CC
372	HLLN01767	Pesca Atlantico CC
373	HLLN01768	Shine The Way 531 CC
374	HLLN01770	Y & L Fishing Enterprises (Pty) Ltd
375	HLLN01771	Dewmist Investments CC
376	HLLN01772	Inile Fishing CC
377	HLLN01773	Inyameko Trading 339 CC
378	HLLN01774	Emalini Enterprises 155 CC
379	HLLN01775	Sir Lowry's Pass Fisheries CC
380	HLLN01777	Sereteng Fishing CC
381	HLLN01779	York Point Fisheries
382	HLLN01780	Wise Gnome Trade 37CC
383	HLLN01781	Inyameko Trading 386 CC
384	HLLN01782	Glowing Wonder 33CC
385	HLLN01783	Sea Cape Lobster CC
386	HLLN01784	Africa's Best 250 Ltd
387	HLLN01785	13 Pedro Quality Fish Products (Pty) Ltd
388	HLLN01786	Dewberry Trading 2 (Pty) Ltd
389	HLLN01787	Ibandla Sea Products (Pty) Ltd
390	HLLN01788	Premier Attraction 382 CC
391	HLLN01789	MFV Alberleze Vessel Company (Pty) Ltd
392	HLLN01790	Silver Solutions 1239 CC
393	HLLN01791	Omni-Tobacco (Pty) Ltd
394	HLLN01792	OPG Marine CC
395	HLLN01793	Blue Magnolia Trading 140 CC
396	HLLN01796	Blou Dam Fishing (Pty) Ltd
397	HLLN01797	Umsinga Trading (Pty) Ltd

	Application Number	Applicant Name
398	HLLN01798	Mullins Fishing CC
399	HLLN01799	Sistas Fishing
400	HLLN01801	Calandria 119 CC
401	HLLN01802	82 Boundary Road Bk
402	HLLN01803	Rekaofela Kelp (Pty) Ltd
403	HLLN01901	Sizisa Ukhanyo Trading 524
404	HLLN01902	Take Five Trading 122 CC
405	HLLN01904	Abaphumeleli Trading 380
406	HLLN01905	KBO Fishing Enterprises
407	HLLN01906	Ba - Tlhaping Fishing Enterprises
408	HLLN01907	Karbonkelberg Marine CC
409	HLLN01908	Haraka Fishing (Pty) Ltd
410	HLLN01910	Sizamokuhle Fishing
411	HLLN01911	Senzakahle Fishing (Proprietary) Limited
412	HLLN01912	Control Room Trading 31
413	HLLN01913	Empire Earth Investment 16
414	HLLN01914	Lagratitude Trading 18
415	HLLN01915	Toocan Investman 9
416	HLLN01916	Silver Buckle Trade 24
417	HLLN01917	Quikvest 334 (Pty) Ltd
418	HLLN01918	Zelpy 2936 (Pty) Ltd
419	HLLN01919	Mzilikazi Fishing (Pty)Ltd
420	HLLN01920	Qhudeni & Tshayingwe Fishing CC
421	HLLN01921	Bright Spark Trading 50 CC
422	HLLN01922	Changing Tides 1040 CC
423	HLLN01923	Line Roller Fishing CC
424	HLLN01924	Nascimento Fishing cc
425	HLLN01925	Activest Sixteen (Pty) Ltd
426	HLLN01926	Retumetse Fishing CC
427	HLLN01927	Ang - Jerry Fishing CC
428	HLLN01928	Jaffa's Bay Fishing Cc
429	HLLN01929	Masisebenzisane Fishing CC
430	HLLN01930	Moniz Fisheries (Pty) Ltd
431	HLLN01932	Harethosane Fishing CC
432	HLLN01933	Elite Assist 13 (Pty) Ltd
433	HLLN01934	Sisonke Fishing CC
434	HLLN01935	Control Room Trading 32 CC
435	HLLN01936	Silver Stone Trading 13
436	HLLN01937	Spellbound Trading 38 CC
437	HLLN01938	Golde Isle Trading 21
438	HLLN01939	Red Apple Trade 10
439	HLLN01940	Strand Fishermen Enterprises Ltd